



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

July 18, 1902

1710

Inspection of immigrants at the port of San Juan, P. R., during the month of June, 1902.

Total number of immigrants inspected, 105; number passed, 105.

H. S. MATHEWSON,
Passed Assistant Surgeon,
Chief Quarantine Officer for Porto Rico.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

Inspection of immigrants at the port of Ponce, P. R., during the month of June, 1902.

Total number of immigrants inspected, 35; number passed, 35.

W. W. KING,
Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

RUSSIA.

Plague at Odessa.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, D. C., July 11, 1902.

SIR: For the information of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, I have the honor to advise you that the Department is in receipt of a telegram dated the 10th instant, from the consul of the United States at Odessa, Russia, which reads: "Plague."

Respectfully,

JOHN HAY,
Secretary of State.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

AFRICA—*Sierra Leone.*—Two weeks ended June 6, 1902. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths reported, 14. No contagious diseases reported.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town.*—Four weeks ended July 4, 1902. Estimated population, 1,232. Total number of deaths, 4. No contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Week ended June 21, 1902. Estimated population, 1,500. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended June 18, 1902. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended July 2, 1902. Estimated population, 12,535. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

CANADA—*Quebec—Sherbrooke.*—Month of June, 1902. Estimated population, 12,000. Total number of deaths, 25, including diphtheria, 1, and 1 from enteric fever.

Winnipeg.—Month of June, 1902. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths not reported. Three deaths from measles and 3 from scarlet fever reported.